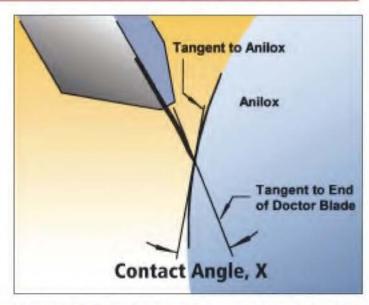


FLEXO

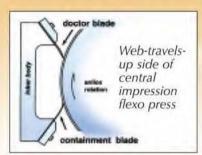
FLEXO BLADE ANALYSIS SERVICE

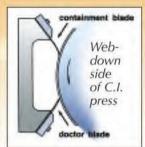


CONTACT, ANGLE, WEAR, AND FLAT MEASUREMENT ANALYSIS

FLEXO BLADE ANALYSIS

DOCTOR BLADE TERMINOLOGY FOR FLEXO INKERS





SHIMS



Shims are needed where the inker clamp bar was designed for steel blades, but thicker plastic or composite blades are being used.

Shims let you clamp the thicker blade without distortion or squeezing it out of the holder.

Shim thickness should at least equal blade thickness.

FILLERS



Fillers are needed when the clamp bar, (or the inker itself), was made with an undercut or slot to accept thick plastic blades. When using a thin composite or steel blade, say .010" thick, in an .090" slot, a filler is needed. The inker must be initially set slightly closer to the anilox than it would with a thicker blade.



A filler on the underside of the blade should be used only when it is necessary to use a thick containment blade with a thin doctor blade, or if moving the inker a little closer to the anilox (to use two thin blades) in not practical.

BACK-UP BLADES



In flexo, a steel back-up blade gives spring support to plastic doctor



Metal:

0.004" - 0.012"



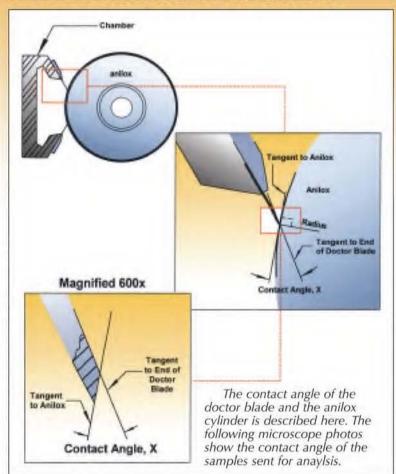
Plastic: 0.050" - 0.125"



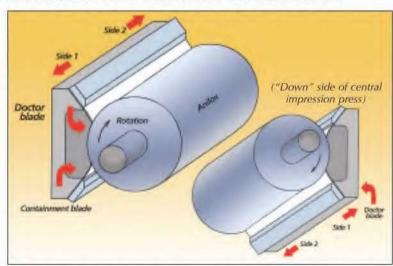
"Floppy" plastic containment blade

Use wherever possible to reduce particle trapping, anilox scoring, and to save money. Make 1/8" longer than doctor if inker permits.

FLEXO CONTACT ANGLE DEFINITION

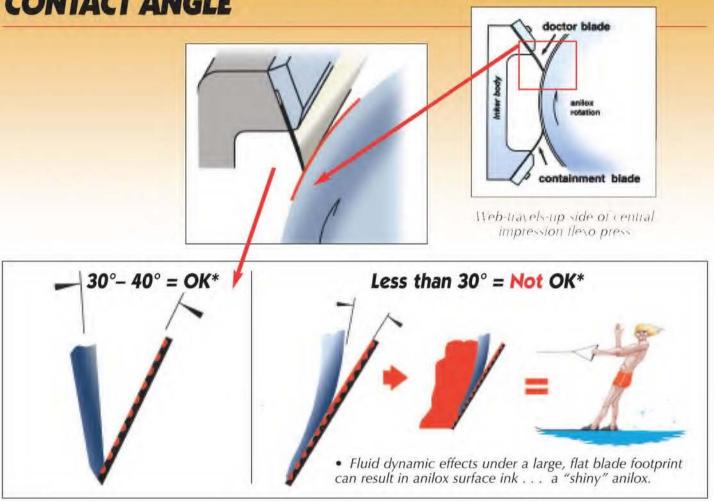


MICROSCOPE PICTURE LOCATIONS

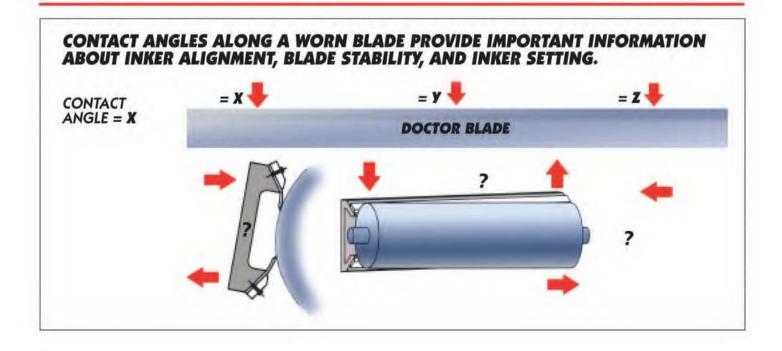


Caution: Installation or removal of doctor, containment, fillers, shims or back-up blades represent a cut hazard since hands may come in contact with sharp edges. Use of cut-resistant gloves is recommended. Follow all plant safety rules for handling and disposal of blades.

SIGNIFICANCE OF FLEXO DOCTOR BLADE CONTACT ANGLE



*usually

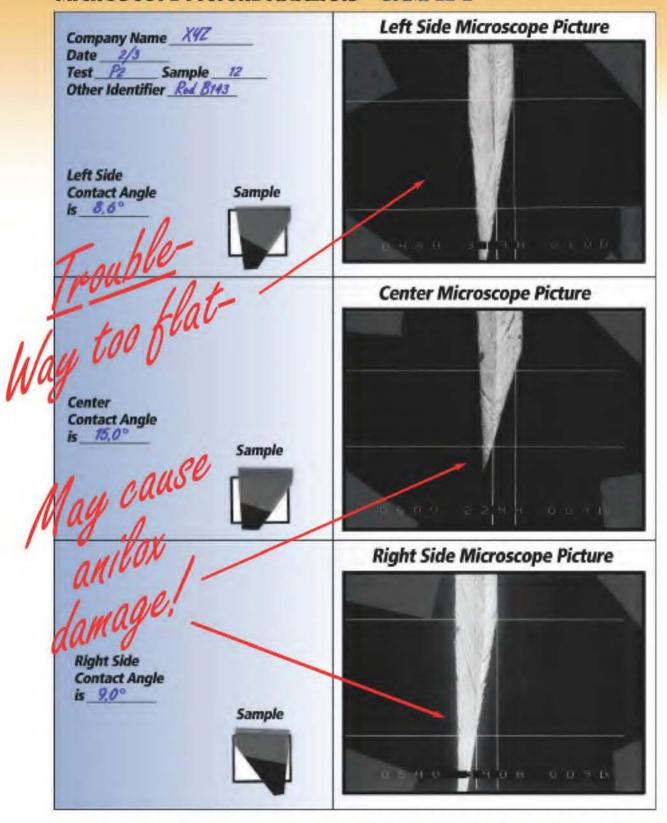


MICROSCOPE PICTURE ANALYSIS - SAMPLE 1

Company Name X9Z Date 11/21 Test DG 6 Sample 9 Other Identifier #23 Bloo	Side Two Microscope Picture
Side Two Contact Angle is 33,26° Sample	0820 1251 0001
	Center Microscope Picture
Center Contact Angle is 34.88° Sample	
	Side One Microscope Picture
Side One Contact Angle is 31.42° Sample	

ALLISON SYSTEMS GETS THE EDGE,

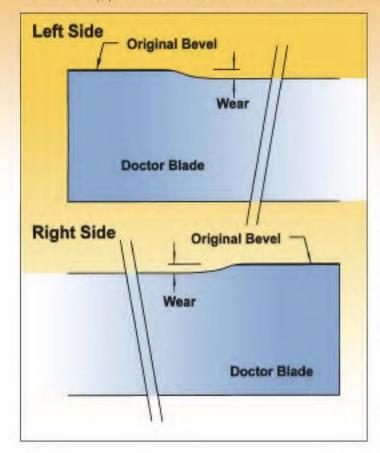
MICROSCOPE PICTURE ANALYSIS - SAMPLE 2



GETS THE QUALITY, AND DOCUMENTS IT.

FORCE

Excessive wear on the doctor blade usually means that too much force is being applied to the blade. The following picture illustrates the wear on a doctor blade:



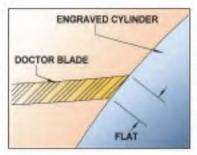
The contact angle of the doctor blade and the anilox cylinder is described below. The microscope photos are examples of sample blades that we have analyzed for contact angles.

The chart below contains sample wear calculations:

Wear Calculations

Sample	Original Width	Left side	Center Side	Right Side
1	2.7555	2.7480	2.7500	2.7500
Wear		0.0075	0.0055	0.0055
2	2.7610	2.7525	2.7555	2.7570
Wear		0.0085	0.0055	0.0040

All measurements are in inches



The tip of the blade that actually contacts the cylinder is referred to as the flat of the blade. The picture at left illustrates the flat.

Sample flat measurements are shown in the table below:

Flat Measurements

Sample	Left Side	Center Side	Right Side
1	0.0021	0.0025	0.0022
2	0.0032	0.0030	0.0029

All measurements are in inches



LEADING THE WAY IN DOCTOR BLADE INNOVATION SINCE 1968.

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